

The image features a close-up of two hands, one resting on the other, with a decorative graphic overlay of overlapping triangles in teal and orange. The text 'MATLAB EXPO 2018 KOREA' is positioned on the right side of the image.

MATLAB EXPO 2018
KOREA

MATLAB EXPO 2018

엔터프라이즈, 빅 데이터 및
애널리틱 솔루션 활용을 위한
MATLAB 적용기술 소개

성 호 현 부장



Agenda



1 Access and Explore Data

- Files
- Databases
- Sensors

2 Preprocess Data

- Working with Messy Data
- Data Reduction/Transformation
- Feature Extraction

3 Develop Predictive Models

- Model Creation e.g. Machine Learning
- Parameter Optimization
- Model Validation

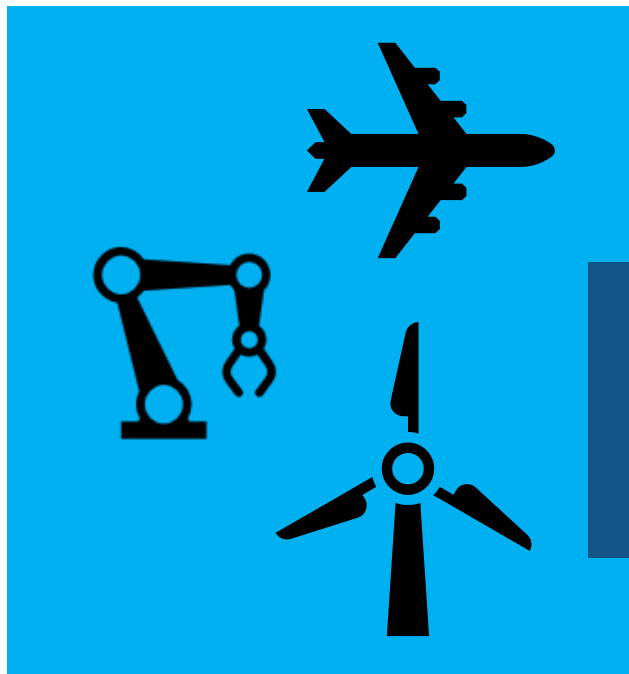
4 Integrate with Production Systems

- Desktop Apps
- Enterprise Scale Systems
- Embedded Devices and Hardware

5 Visualize Results

- 3rd party dashboards
- Web apps

The Need for Large-Scale Streaming



Predictive Maintenance

Increase Operational Efficiency
Reduce Unplanned Downtime

**More applications require
near real-time analytics**

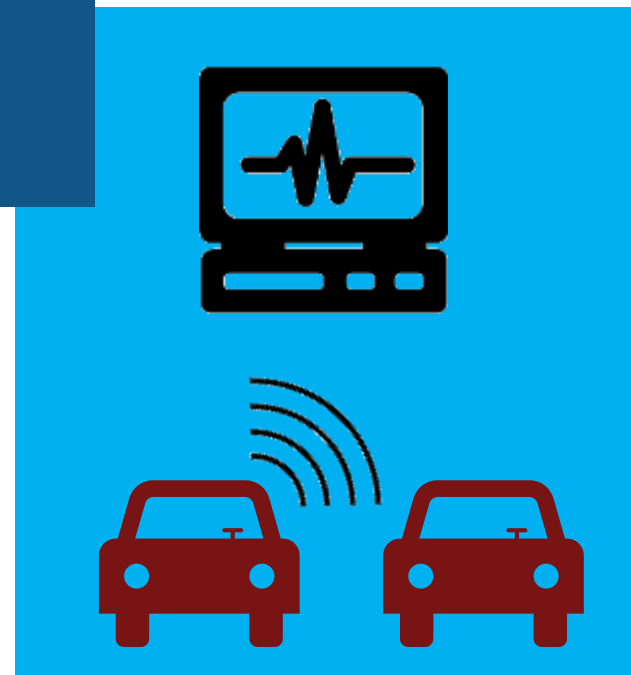
Jet engine: ~800TB per day
Turbine: ~ 2 TB per day

Medical Devices

Patient Safety
Better Treatment Outcomes

Connected Cars

Safety, Maintenance
Advanced Driving Features



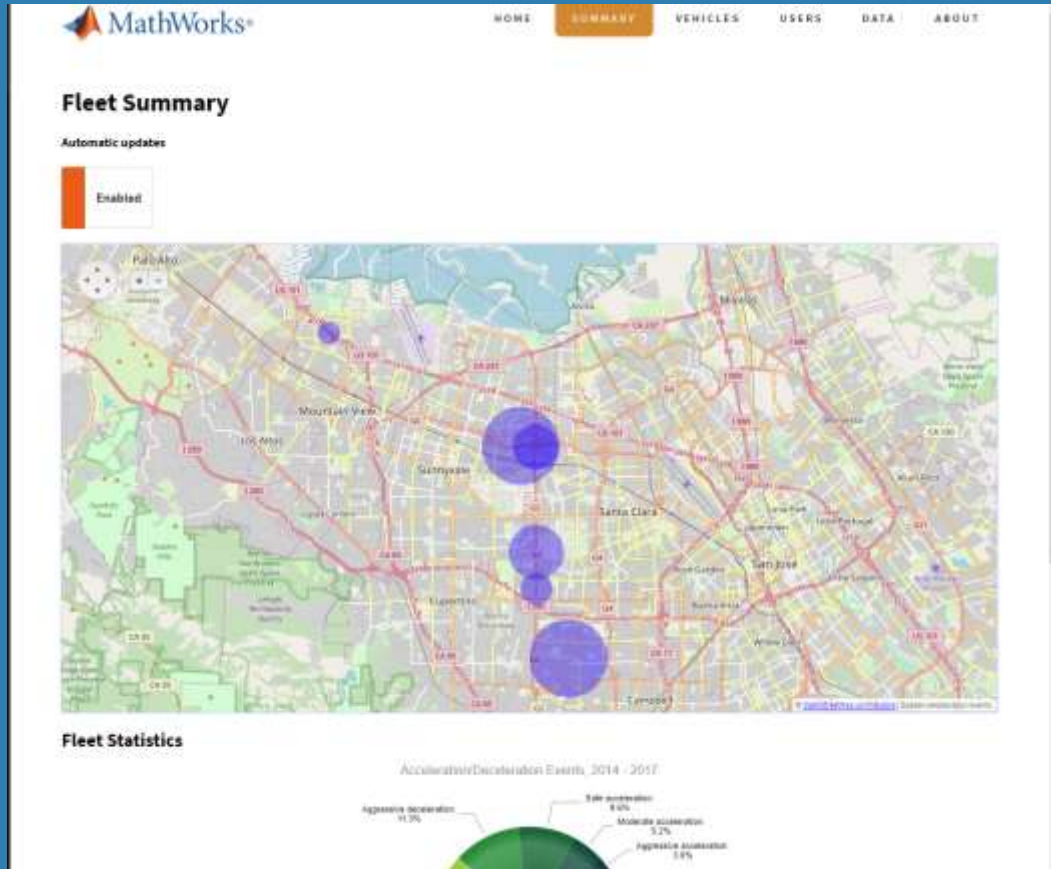
Car: ~25 GB per hour

Example Problem – How's my driving?

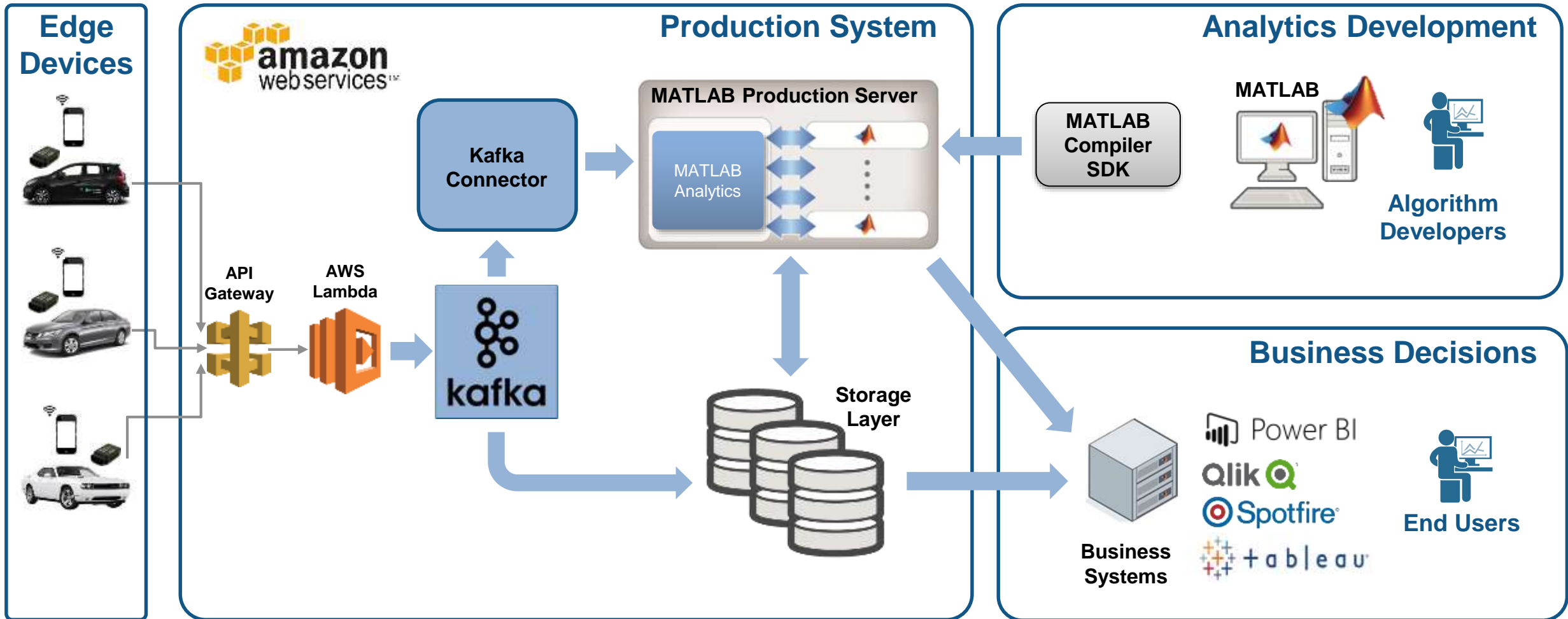
- A group of MathWorks employees installed an OBD dongle in their car that monitors the on-board systems
- Data is streamed to the cloud where it is aggregated and stored
- We would like to use this data to score the driving habits of participants



Example: Fleet Analytics with MATLAB



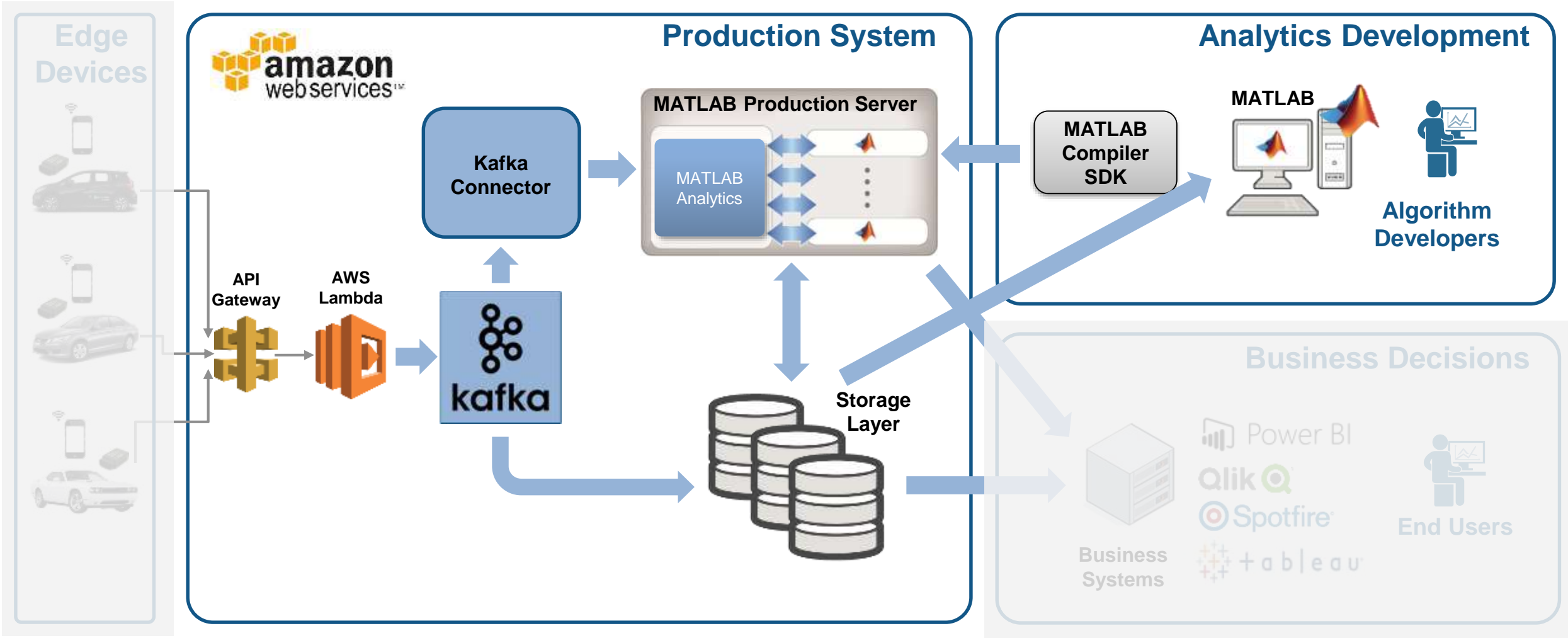
Fleet Analytics Architecture



1

Access and Explore Data

The first step is to clean up the incoming data



1

Access and Explore Data

The Data: Timestamped messages with JSON encoding



```

{
  "vehicles id": {"$oid":"55a3fd0069702d5b4100000"}, Key
  "time" : {"$date":"2015-07-13T18:01:35.000Z"}, Timestamp
  "kc" : 1975.0, "kff1225" : 100.65293, "kff125a" : 110.36619, ... Values
}

```



```

{
  "vehicles_id": {"$oid":"55a3fe3569702d5c5c000020"}
  "time":{"$date":"2015-07-13T18:01:53.000Z"},
  "kc" : 2000.0, "kff1225" : 109.65293, "kff125a" : 115.36619,
  ...
}

```



```

{
  "vehicles_id": {"$oid":"55a4193569702d115b000001"}
  "time":{"$date":"2015-07-12T19:04:04.000Z"}
  "kc":2200.0, "kff1225" : 112.65293, "kff125a" : 112.36619,
  ...
}

```

1

Access and Explore Data

Access a Sample of Data

Raw Data

	timestamp	1 value	2 key
1	15-Jan-2015 22:12:23	'{"_id": {"\$oid": "55a41cb069702d115b059ee0"}, "trip_id": {"\$oid": "55a41cb069702d115b059ede"}}	
2	15-Jan-2015 22:12:24	'{"_id": {"\$oid": "55a41cb069702d115b059ee1"}, "trip_id": {"\$oid": "55a41cb069702d115b059ede"}}	
3	15-Jan-2015 22:12:25	'{"_id": {"\$oid": "55a41cb069702d115b059ee2"}, "trip_id": {"\$oid": "55a41cb069702d115b059ede"}}	
4	15-Jan-2015 22:12:26	'{"_id": {"\$oid": "55a41cb069702d115b059ee3"}, "trip_id": {"\$oid": "55a41cb069702d115b059ede"}}	

- ✓ Decode JSON data
- ✓ Create Timetable



Timetable

t = 4647x40 timetable

	trip_id	VIN	kff1001	kff1005	kff1006	kff1220	kff1221	kff1222	kff1223	kff125a
1 Sun Jul 12 16:18:41 UTC 2015	55a3fe356...	55a3fe356...	17.1000	-84.9323	45.4704	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	59.0434
2 Sun Jul 12 16:18:42 UTC 2015	55a3fe356...	55a3fe356...	17.1000	-84.9322	45.4704	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	57.8609
3 Sun Jul 12 16:18:43 UTC 2015	55a3fe356...	55a3fe356...	18.9000	-84.9322	45.4705	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	52.7147
4 Sun Jul 12 16:18:44 UTC 2015	55a3fe356...	55a3fe356...	18.9000	-84.9322	45.4705	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	51.1983
5 Sun Jul 12 16:18:45 UTC 2015	55a3fe356...	55a3fe356...	18.0000	-84.9321	45.4706	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	49.1095
6 Sun Jul 12 16:19:13 UTC 2015	55a3fe356...	55a3fe356...	58.5000	-84.9305	45.4686	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	73.2005
7 Sun Jul 12 16:19:14 UTC 2015	55a3fe356...	55a3fe356...	56.7000	-84.9304	45.4685	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	75.3612
8 Sun Jul 12 16:19:15 UTC 2015	55a3fe356...	55a3fe356...	57.6000	-84.9304	45.4683	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	70.7542
9 Sun Jul 12 16:19:16 UTC 2015	55a3fe356...	55a3fe356...	56.7000	-84.9303	45.4682	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	62.8340

2

Preprocess Data

Develop a Preprocessing Function

Timetable

t = 4647x40 timetable

	trip_id	VIN	kff1001	kff1005	kff1006	kff1220	kff1221	kff1222	kff1223	kff125a
1	Sun Jul 12 16:18:41 UTC 2015	55a3fe356...	55a3fe356...	17.1000	-84.9323	45.4704	NaN	NaN	NaN	59.0434
2	Sun Jul 12 16:18:42 UTC 2015	55a3fe356...	55a3fe356...	17.1000	-84.9322	45.4704	NaN	NaN	NaN	57.8609
3	Sun Jul 12 16:18:43 UTC 2015	55a3fe356...	55a3fe356...	18.9000	-84.9322	45.4705	NaN	NaN	NaN	52.7147
4	Sun Jul 12 16:18:44 UTC 2015	55a3fe356...	55a3fe356...	18.9000	-84.9322	45.4705	NaN	NaN	NaN	51.1983
5	Sun Jul 12 16:18:45 UTC 2015	55a3fe356...	55a3fe356...	18.0000	-84.9321	45.4706	NaN	NaN	NaN	49.1095
6	Sun Jul 12 16:19:13 UTC 2015	55a3fe356...	55a3fe356...	58.5000	-84.9305	45.4686	NaN	NaN	NaN	72.2005
7	Sun Jul 12 16:19:14 UTC 2015	55a3fe356...	55a3fe356...	56.7000	-84.9304	45.4686	NaN	NaN	NaN	72.2005
8	Sun Jul 12 16:19:15 UTC 2015	55a3fe356...	55a3fe356...	57.6000	-84.9304	45.4686	NaN	NaN	NaN	72.2005
9	Sun Jul 12 16:19:16 UTC 2015	55a3fe356...	55a3fe356...	56.7000	-84.9303	45.4686	NaN	NaN	NaN	72.2005

Preprocess data

```
t = sortrows(t);
t = rmmissing(t, 'MinNumMissing', width(t)-2);
```

Perform windowed calculations

```
t.Speed = movmedian(t.SpeedGPS, 3);
t.D1 = [0; diff(t.SpeedGPS)];
```

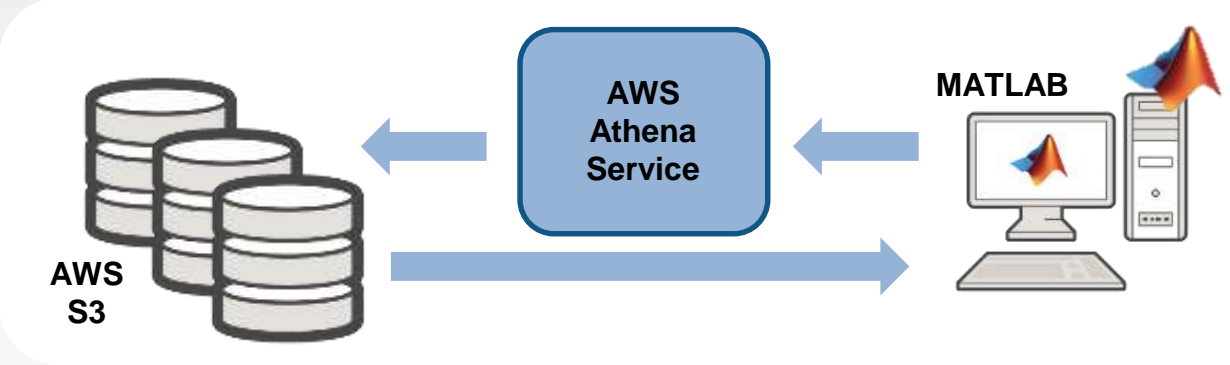
```
[tmin, tmax] = bounds(t.time);
tnew = tmin:seconds(10):tmax;
countsByTime = retime(t(:, 'Event'), tnew, @histcounts);
```

- ✓ Clean up
- ✓ Enrich
- ✓ Restructure

1

Access and Explore Data

Ad Hoc Access to Data from MATLAB



The diagram illustrates the data access workflow. On the left, three stacked cylinders represent 'AWS S3'. In the center, a blue rounded rectangle represents the 'AWS Athena Service'. On the right, a computer monitor and tower represent 'MATLAB'. A blue arrow points from MATLAB to the AWS Athena Service, and another blue arrow points from the AWS Athena Service to the AWS S3 data stores. A third blue arrow points from the AWS S3 data stores to the MATLAB computer, indicating the final data transfer.

```
athenaQuery.mlx x +
```

Access the data in S3

Bring up the AthenaClient

```
athenaClient = aws.athena.Client();  
athenaClient.Database = 'trainingdata';  
athenaClient.initialize();
```

Create a query and submit

```
athenaClient.submitQuery('SELECT * FROM "trainingdata"."sampledata" limit 100', 's3://fleettrainingdata')
```

Fetch data as a table for easy analysis

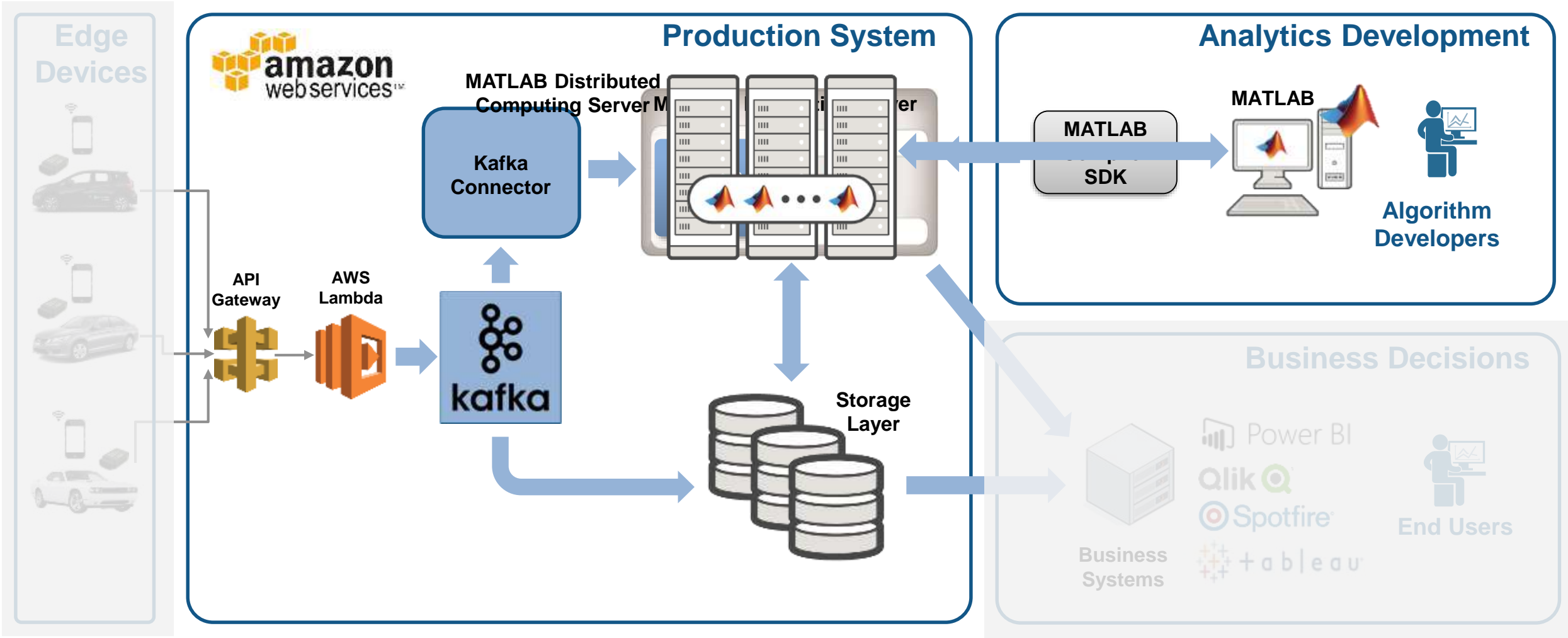
```
ds = datastore('s3://fleettrainingdata/*.csv');  
ds.NumHeaderLines = 2;  
data = table(ds);
```

Your usual MATLAB workflow goes here

3

Develop Predictive Models

Develop a Predictive Model



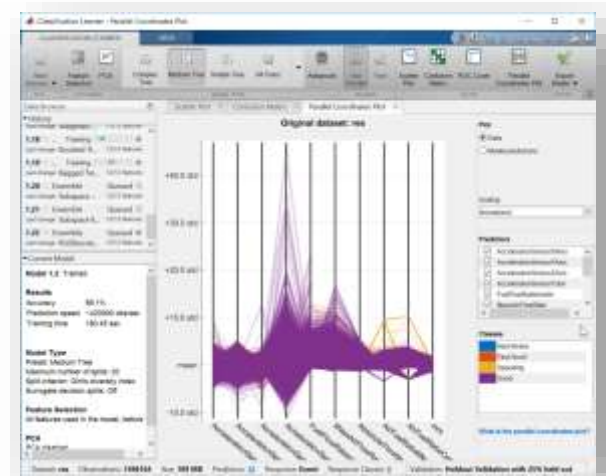
3

Develop Predictive Models

Everything you need to develop a predictive model is found in MATLAB

time	1 Event	2 SpeedGPS	3 AccelerationSensorXAxis	4 AccelerationSensorYAxis	5 AccelerationSensorZAxis
Mon May 11 04:03:15 UTC 2015	Hard Brake	10.8360	-0.6996	0.6014	0.205
Wed May 06 19:09:48 UTC 2015	Hard Brake	27.8280	0.1419	0.9035	-0.526
Sun May 17 17:09:19 UTC 2015	Hard Brake	6.5520	0.9986	-0.0761	-0.004
Fri Jan 16 20:38:37 UTC 2015	Hard Brake	39.6128	0.0999	0.8000	0.367
Sat May 02 14:00:37 UTC 2015	Hard Brake	61.1280	0.4006	-0.4022	0.663
Mon Apr 27 17:54:27 UTC 2015	Fast Accel	37.7640	0.1527	0.4666	0.857
Sun May 03 21:00:42 UTC 2015	Fast Accel	17.2440	1.0235	0.0815	0.304
Mon May 04 11:30:33 UTC 2015	Fast Accel	19.6560	0.1336	0.8932	-0.578
Wed May 20 16:30:55 UTC 2015	Hard Brake	33.4000	0.2068	0.0054	0.900

Label Events



Represent Signals

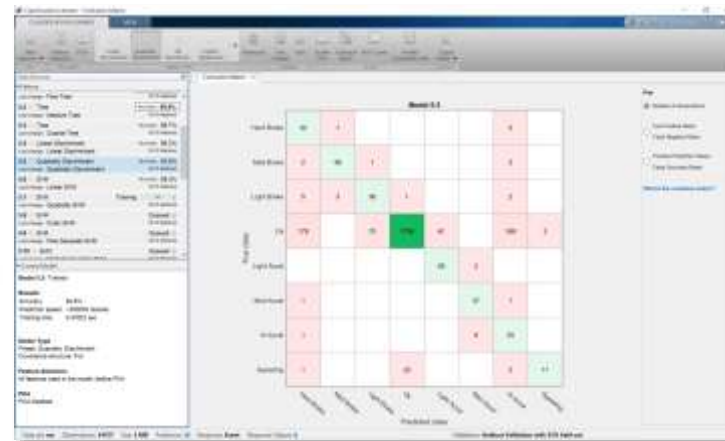
Evaluating tall expression using the Spark Cluster:
 - Pass 1 of 2: Completed in 11 sec
 - Pass 2 of 2: Completed in 2.3333 min
 Evaluation completed in 2.6167 min

```

Scale up
tt = tall(data); % test tall array
model = TreeBagger(50,tt,'Event');

Scale to out of memory data
tt = tall(ds);
tt = preprocessData(tt);
model = TreeBagger(50,tt,'Event');
save machineLearningModel model
    
```

Scale Up



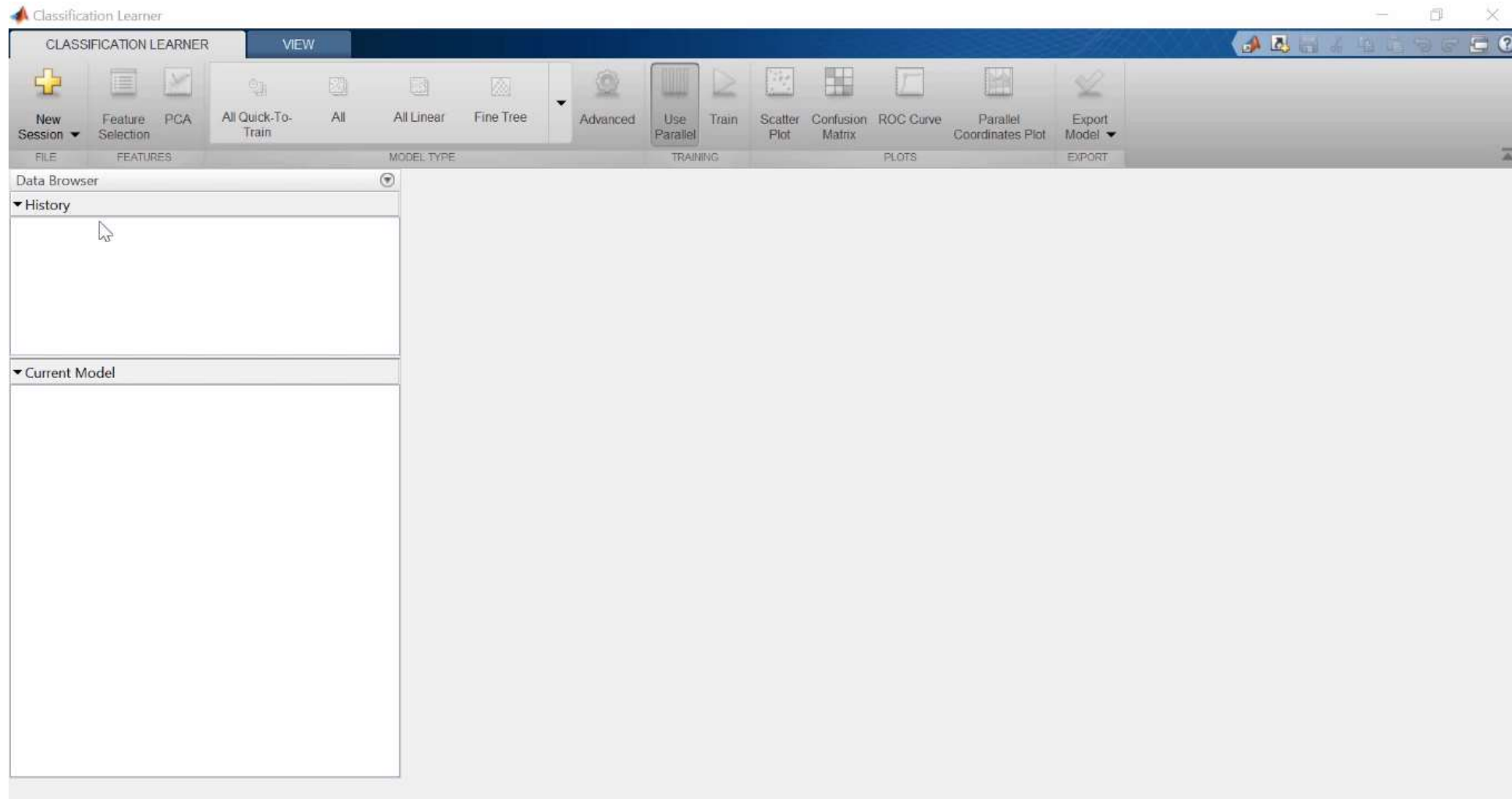
Validate Model

Train Model

3

Develop Predictive Models

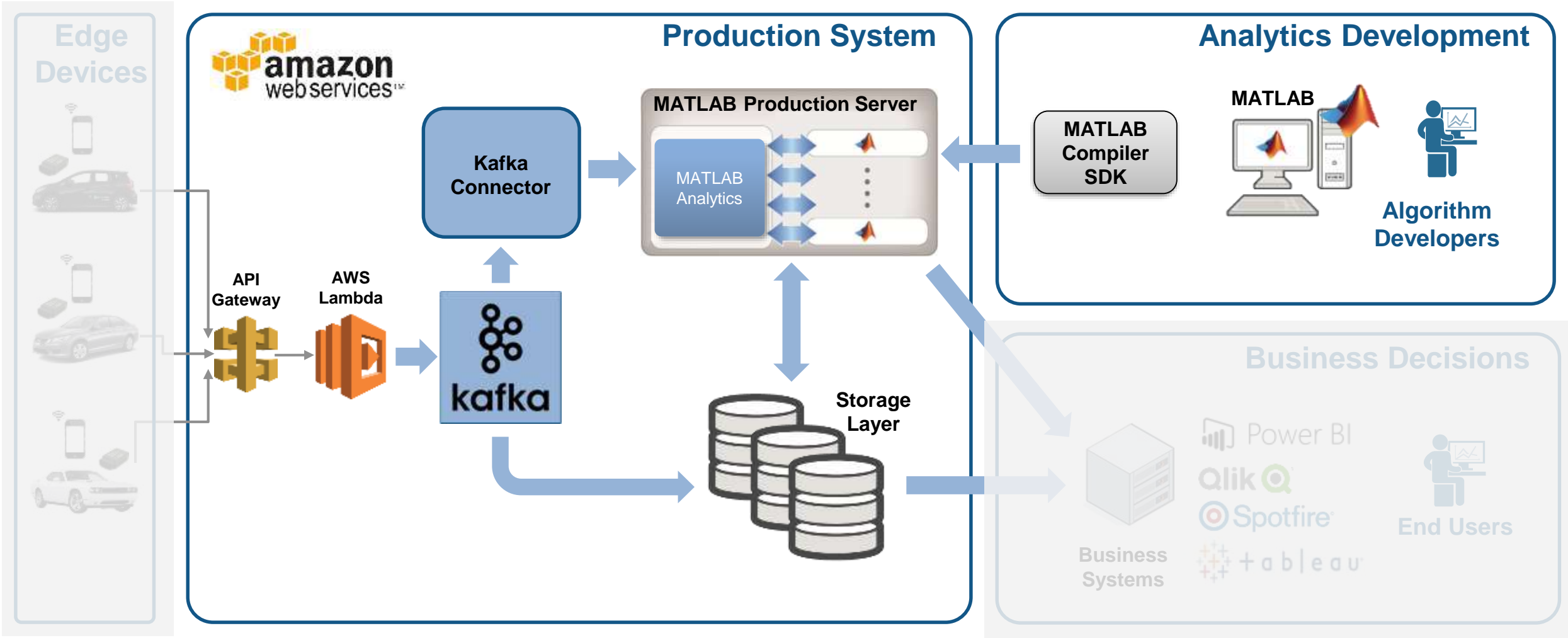
Develop a Predictive Model in MATLAB



4

Integrate with
Production
Systems

Integrate Analytics with Production Systems

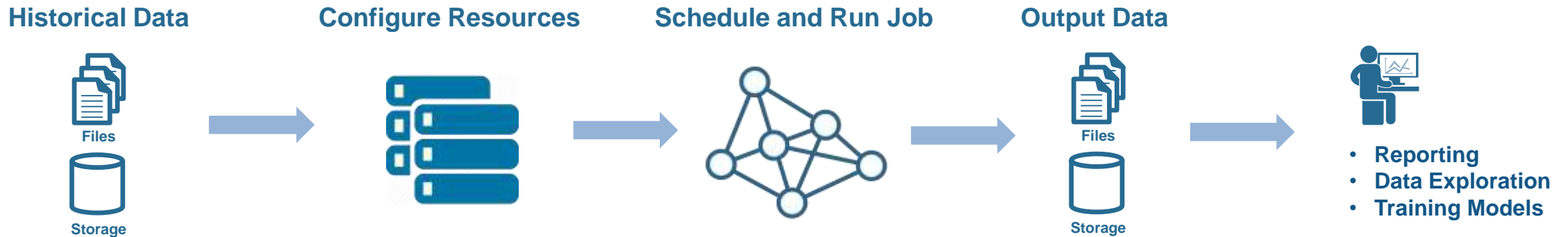


4

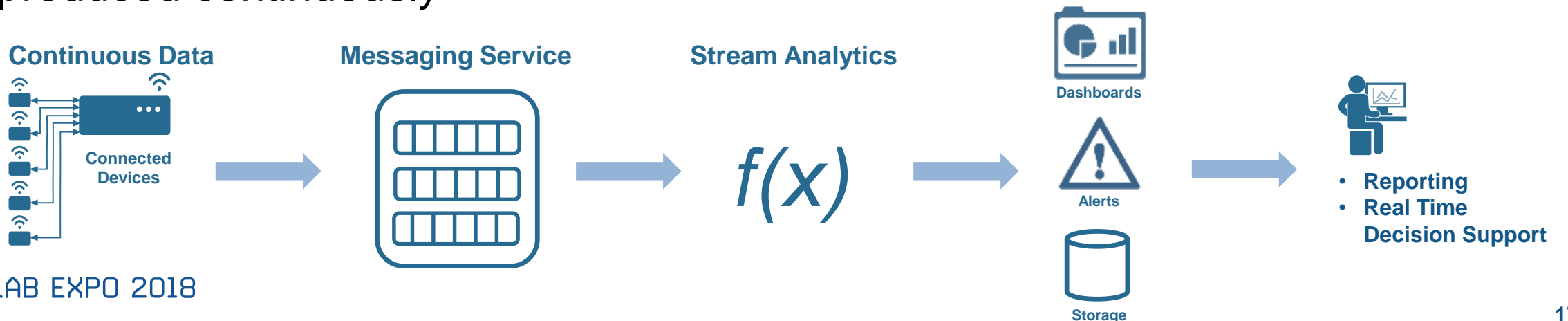
Integrate with
Production
Systems

A quick Intro to Stream Processing

- **Batch Processing** applies computation to a finite sized historical data set that was acquired in the past



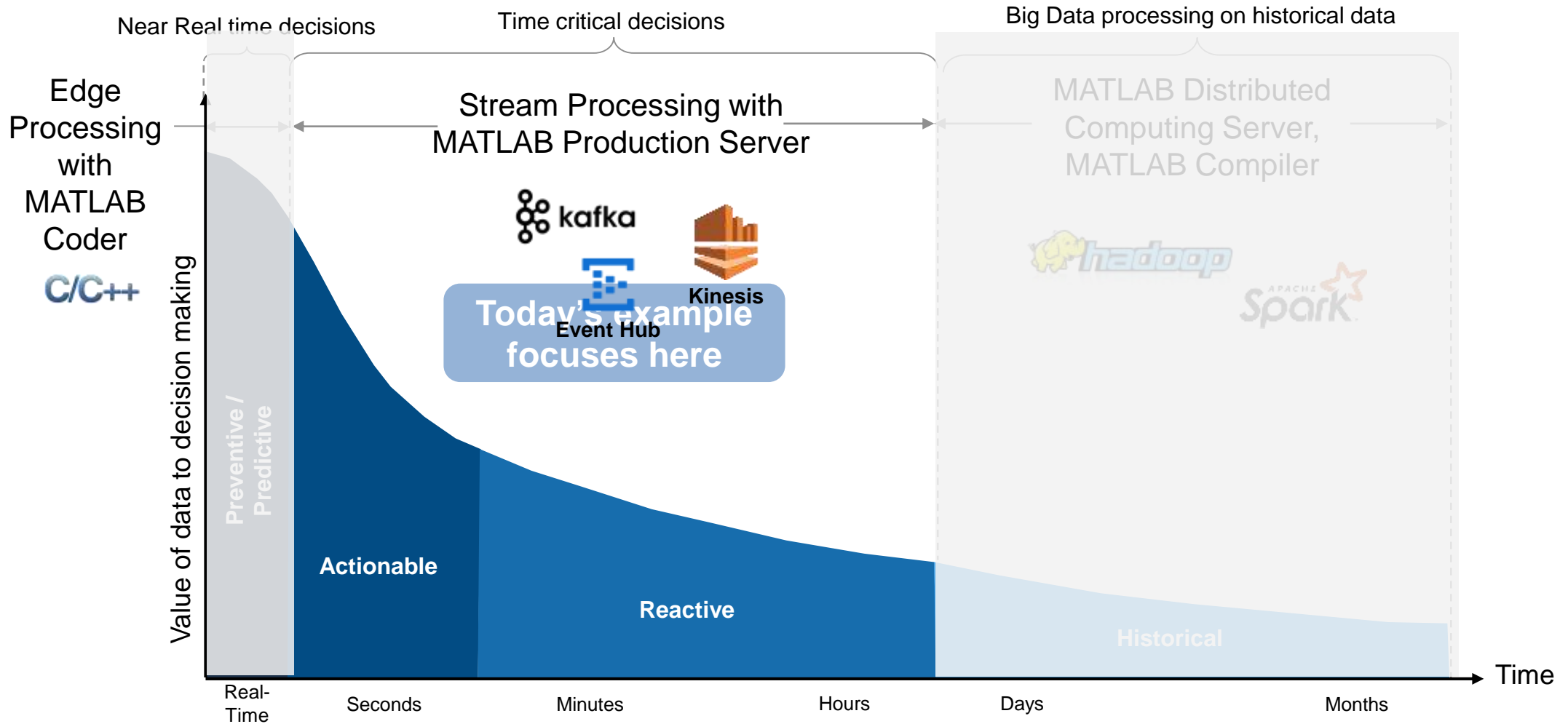
- **Stream Processing** applies computation to an unbounded data set that is produced continuously



4

Integrate with
Production
Systems

Why stream processing?



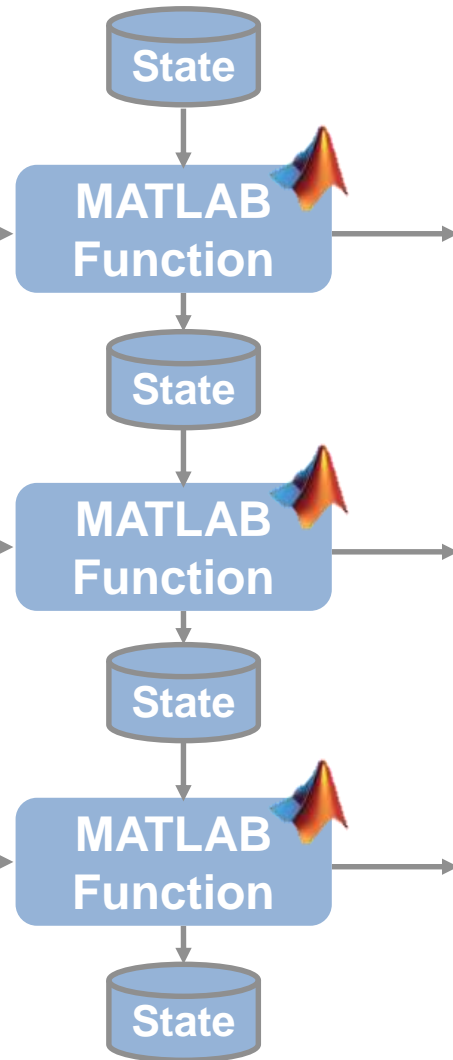
Streaming data is treated as an unbounded Timetable

Input Table

Event Time	Vehicle	RPM	Torque	Fuel Flow
18:01:10	55a3fd	1975	100	110
18:10:30	55a3fe	2000	109	115
18:05:20	55a3fd	1980	105	105
18:10:45	55a3fd	2100	110	100
18:30:10	55a419	2000	100	110
18:35:20	55a419	1960	103	105
18:20:40	55a3fe	1970	112	104
18:39:30	55a419	2100	105	110
18:30:00	55a3fe	1980	110	113
18:30:50	55a3fe	2000	100	110
...

Output Table

Time window	Vehicle	Score	
...	
18:00:00	18:10:00	55a3fd 55a3fe 55a419	5
18:10:00	18:20:00	55a3fd 55a3fe 55a419	7 3 ...
18:20:00	18:30:00	55a3fd 55a3fe 55a419	... 4 ...
18:30:00	18:40:00	55a3fd 55a3fe 55a419	... 5 8



4

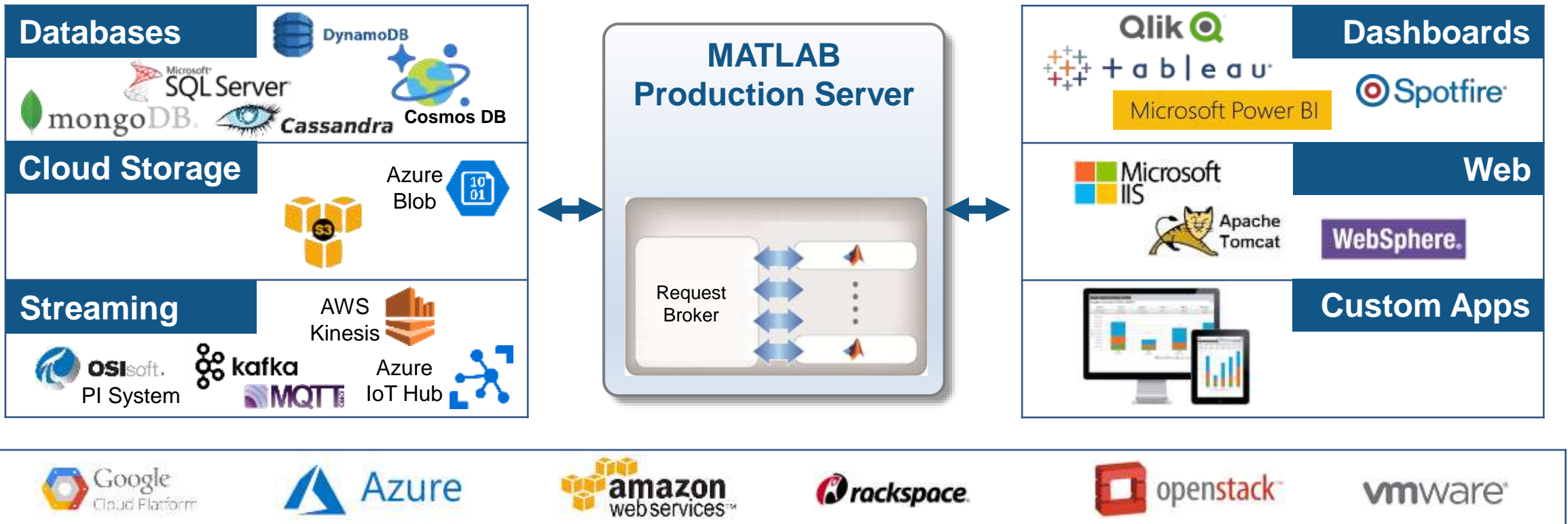
Integrate with
Production
Systems

Introducing MATLAB Production Server

Data

Analytics

Business System

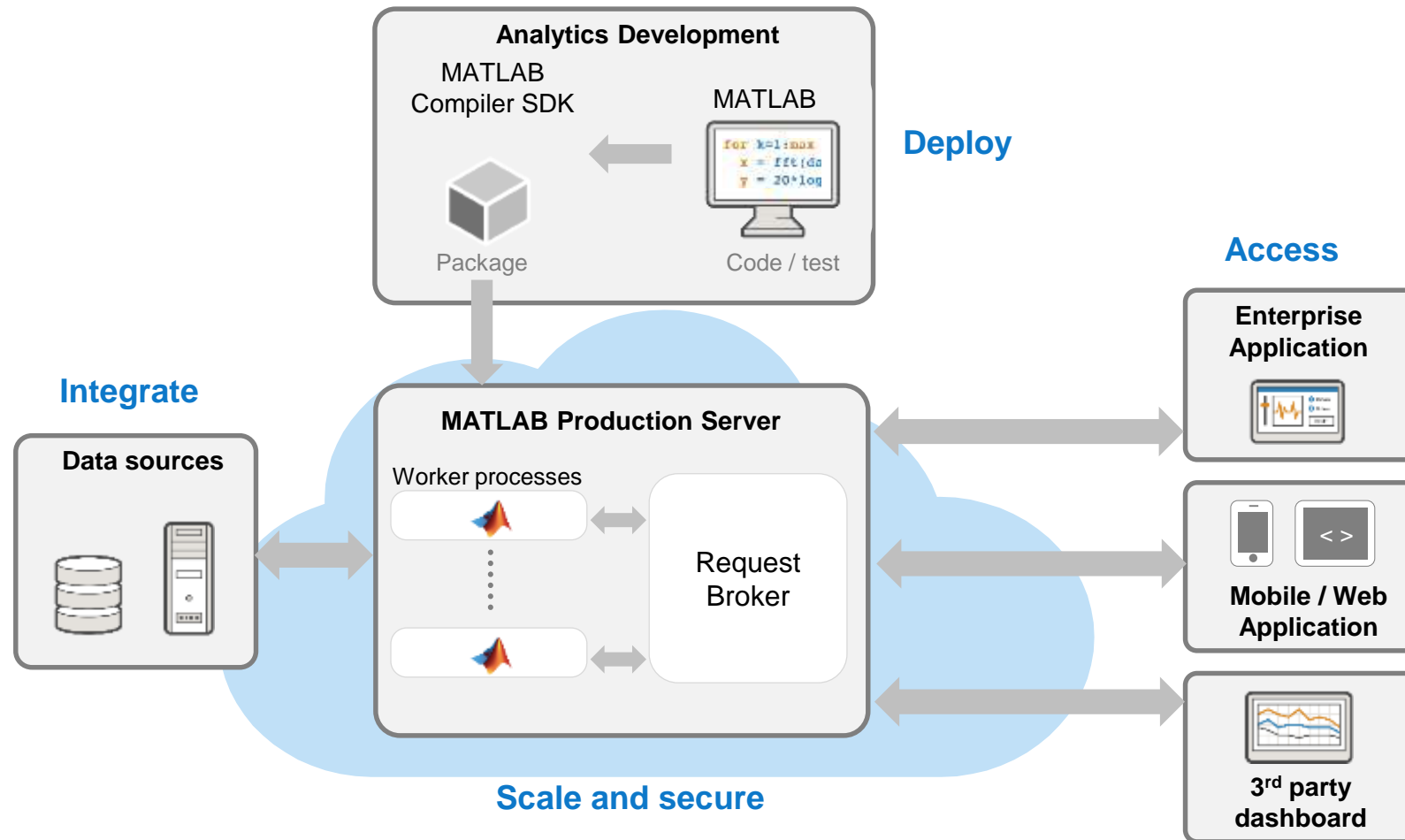


Platform

4

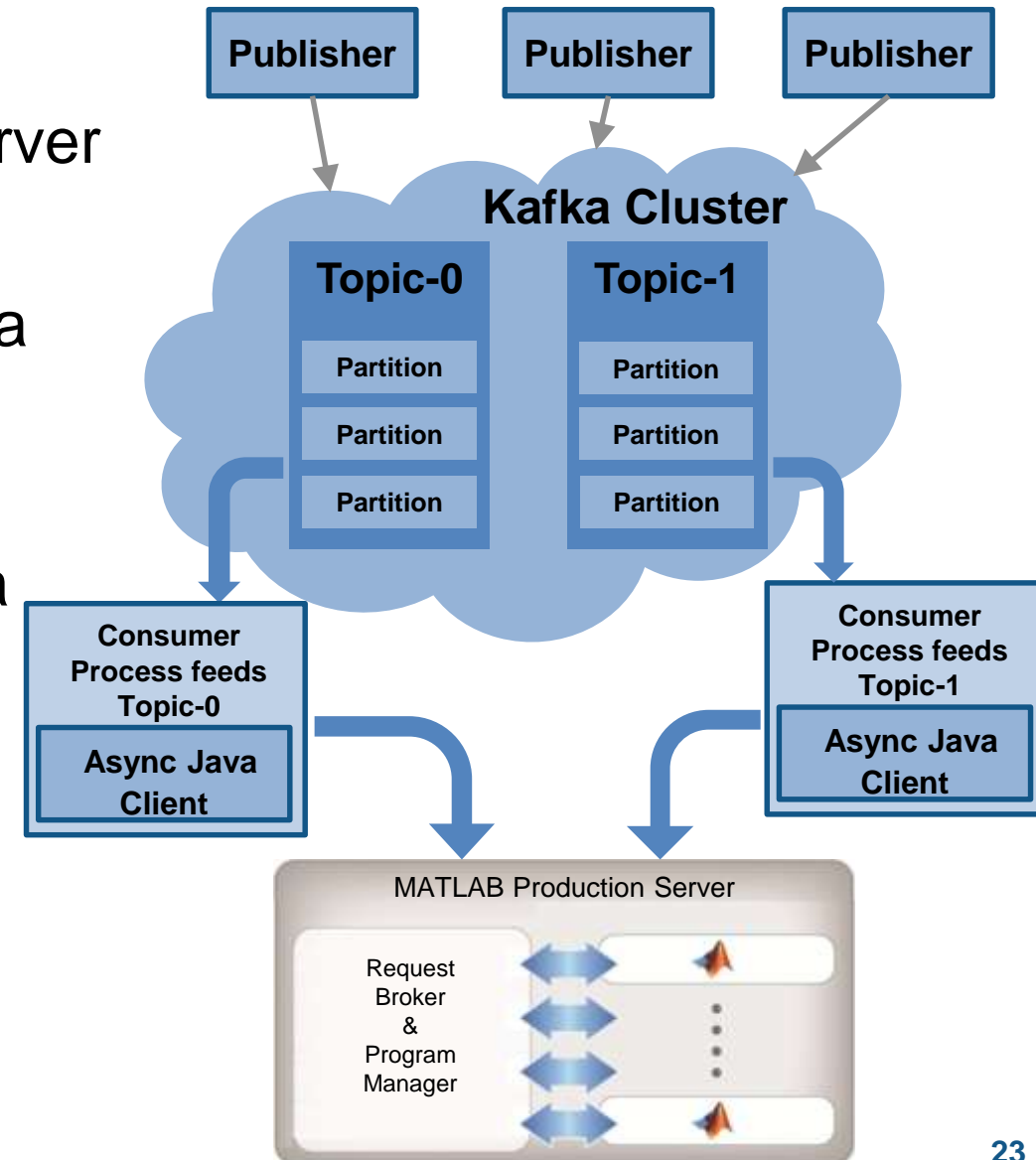
Integrate with
Production
Systems

MATLAB Production Server is an application server that publishes MATLAB code as APIs



Connecting MATLAB Production Server to Kafka

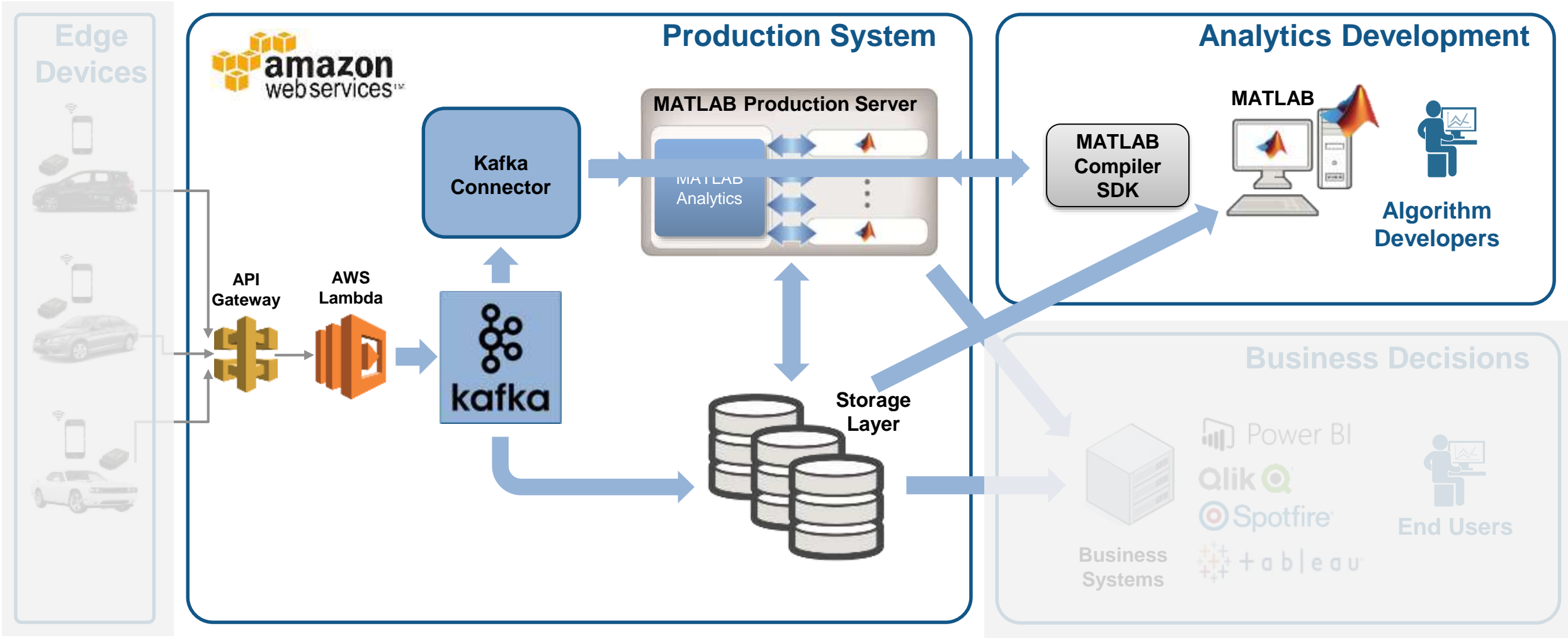
- Kafka client for MATLAB Production Server feeds topics to functions deployed on the server
- Configurable batch of messages passed as a MATLAB Timetable
- Each consumer process feeds one topic to a specified function
- Drive everything from a simple config file
 - No programming outside of MATLAB!



4

Integrate with
Production
Systems

Develop and Deploy a Stream Processing Function



4

Integrate with
Production
Systems

Develop a Stream Processing Function in MATLAB

```
calculateScores.mlx x +  
  
Develop a Streaming Function  
function new_state = calculateScores(car_id, current_data, old_state, resultsStore)  
  
Preprocess and perform calculations  
current_data = preprocessData(current_data);  
  
Predict driving events  
current_data = predictEvents(current_data);  
  
Count events for each ten second window  
countsByTime = countEvents(current_data);  
  
Write discrete data to mongodb  
updateResultsStore(car_id, countsByTime, resultsStore);  
  
Update new state  
new_state = updateState(countsByTime, old_state);  
end
```

Process each window of
data as it arrives

Current score

Previous state

Current window of data to
be processed

Develop a Stream Processing Function in MATLAB

The screenshot shows a MATLAB code editor window titled 'calculateScores.mlx'. The code is organized into sections with headings:

- Develop a Streaming Function**
`function new_state = calculateScores(car_id, current_data)`
- Preprocess and perform calculations**
`current_data = preprocessData(current_data);` (highlighted with a blue arrow)
- Predict driving events**
`current_data = predictEvents(current_data);`
- Count events for each ten second window**
`countsByTime = countEvents(current_data);`
- Write discrete data to mongodb**
`updateResultsStore(car_id, countsByTime, resultsStore);`
- Update new state**
`new_state = updateState(countsByTime, old_state);`
`end`

A callout box on the right provides the implementation for the `preprocessData` function:

```
function current_data = preprocessData(current_data)
% Preprocess and perform calculations

% Remove records with all missing data
current_data = rmmissing(current_data, 'MinNumMissing', width(current_data)-1);

% Smooth and calculate approximate gradients
current_data.Speed = movmedian(current_data.kff1001, 5);
current_data.D1 = [0; diff(current_data.kff1001)];
current_data.D2 = [0; 0; diff(current_data.kff1001, 2)];
```

Apply your
pre-processing algorithm

4

Integrate with
Production
Systems

Develop a Stream Processing Function in MATLAB

Use the model you created with
Classification Learner App

calculateScores.mlx

Develop a Streaming Function

```
function new_state = calculateScores(car_id, current_data, old_state, resultsStore)
```

Preprocess and perform calculations

```
current_data = preprocessData(current_data);
```

Predict driving events

```
current_data = predictEvents(current_data);
```

Count events for each ten second window

```
countsByTime = countEvents(current_data);
```

Write discrete data to mongodb

```
updateResultsStore(car_id, countsByTime, resultsStore);
```

Update new state

```
new_state = updateState(countsByTime, old_state);  
end
```

```
function current_data = predictEvents(current_data)  
% Predict events for current data based on machine learning model  
predictorNames = {'kff1005', 'kff1006', 'kff125a', 'k10', 'kff1249', 'Speed', 'D1', 'D2', ...  
                  'kff1001', 'kff1220', 'kff1221', 'kff1222', 'kff1223', ...  
                  'k47', 'kff124d'};  
predictors = current_data(:, predictorNames);  
mdl = load('machineLearningModel.mat');  
current_data.Event = predict(mdl.model, predictors);  
  
end
```

Develop a Stream Processing Function in MATLAB

```
calculateScores.mlx x +  
  
Develop a Streaming Function  
  
function new_state = calculateScores(car_id, current_data, old_state, resultsStore)  
  
Preprocess and perform calculations  
current_data = preprocessData(current_data);  
  
Predict driving events  
current_data = predictEvents(current_data);  
  
Count events for each ten second window  
countsByTime = countEvents(current_data);  
  
Write discrete data to mongodb  
updateResultsStore(car_id, countsByTime, resultsStore);  
  
Update new state  
new_state = updateState(countsByTime, old_state);  
end
```

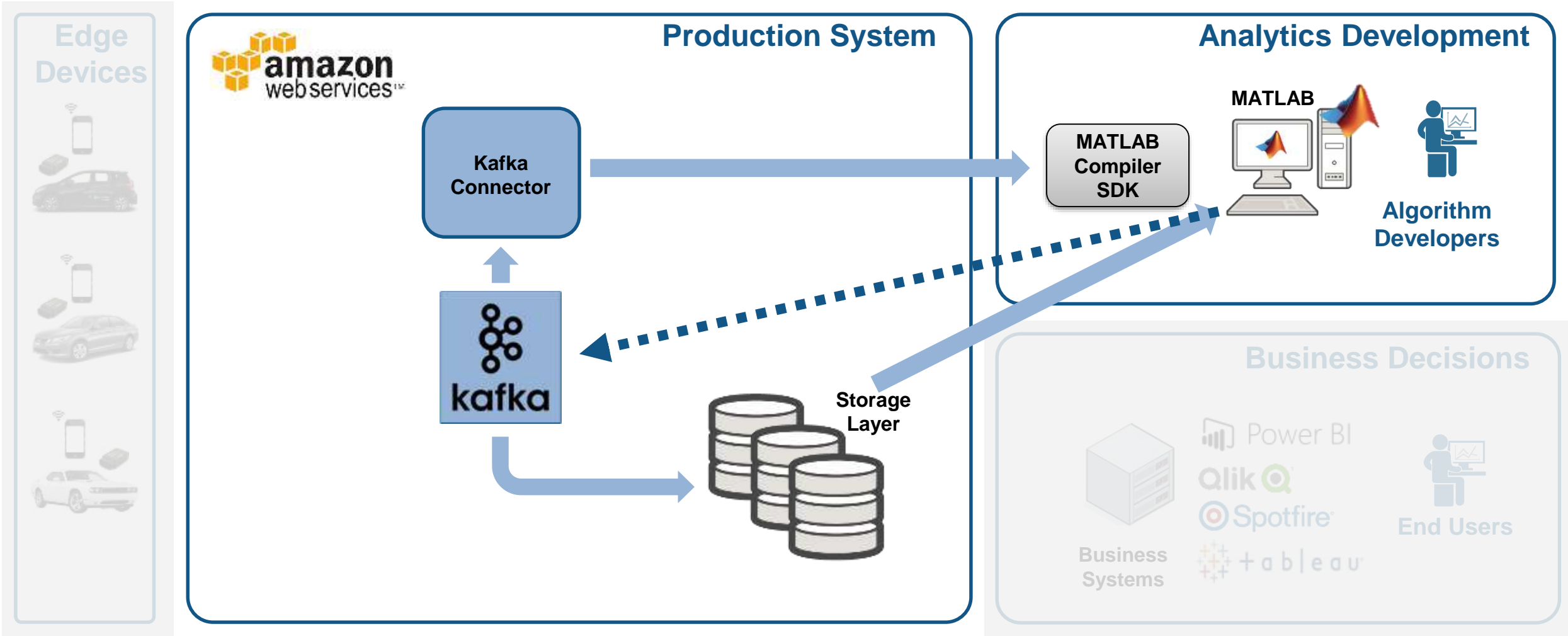
Update Mongo database

- Count of events by type and location
- Results of driver scoring

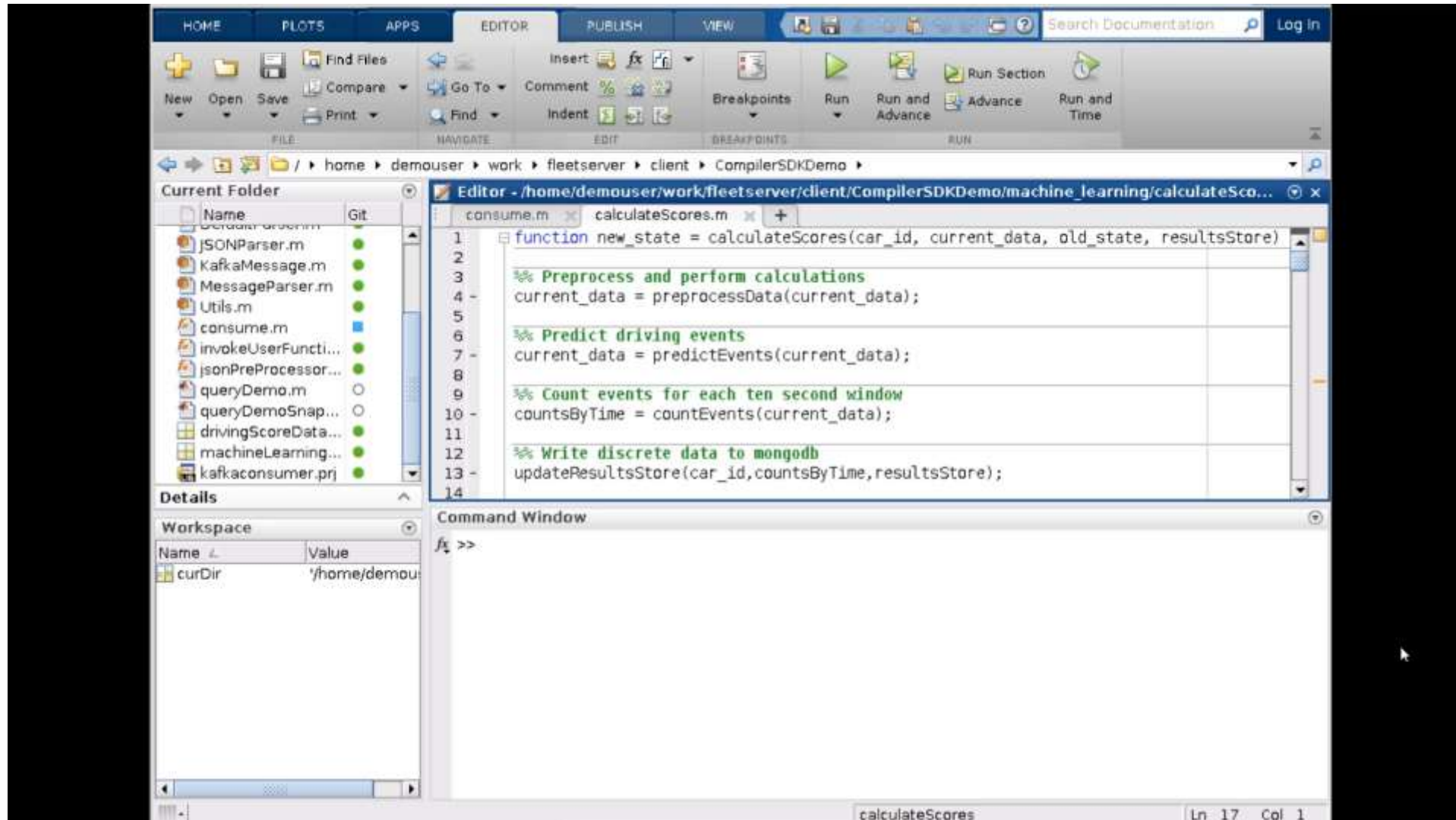
4

Integrate with
Production
Systems

Debug a Stream Processing Function in MATLAB



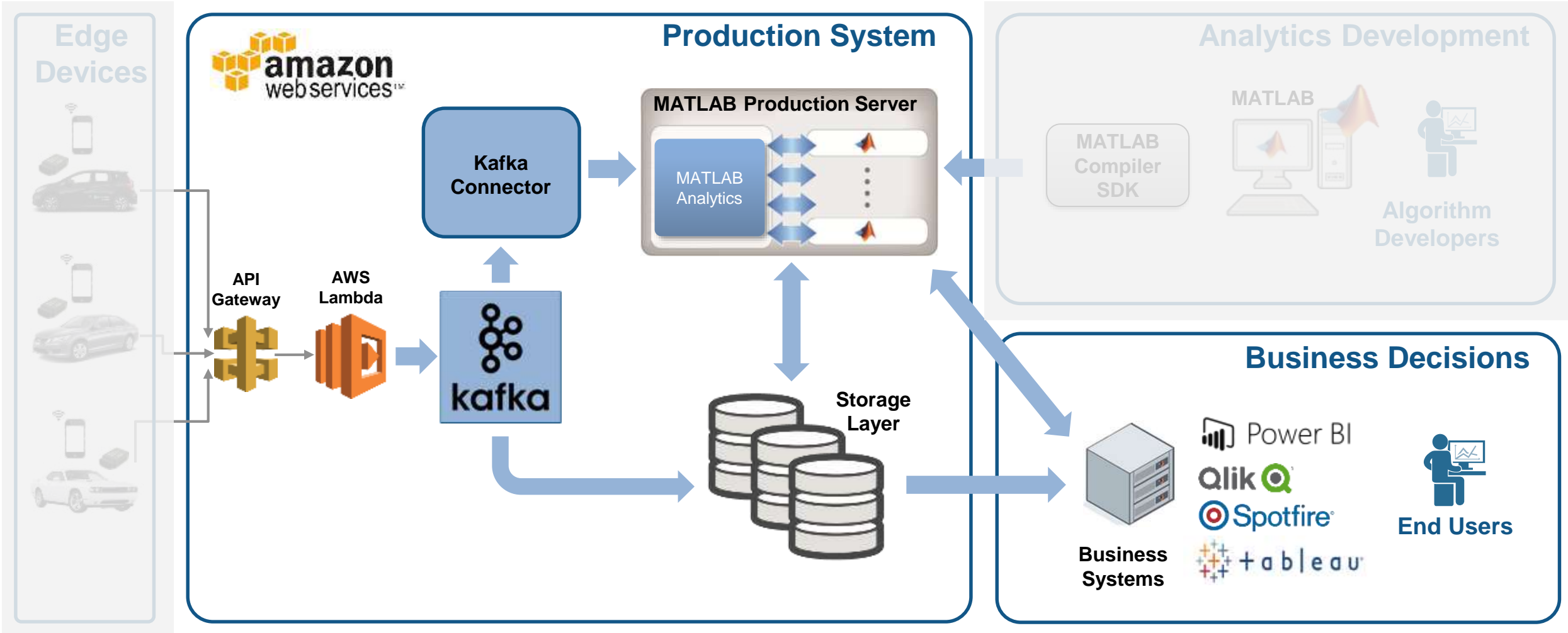
Debug a Stream Processing Function in MATLAB



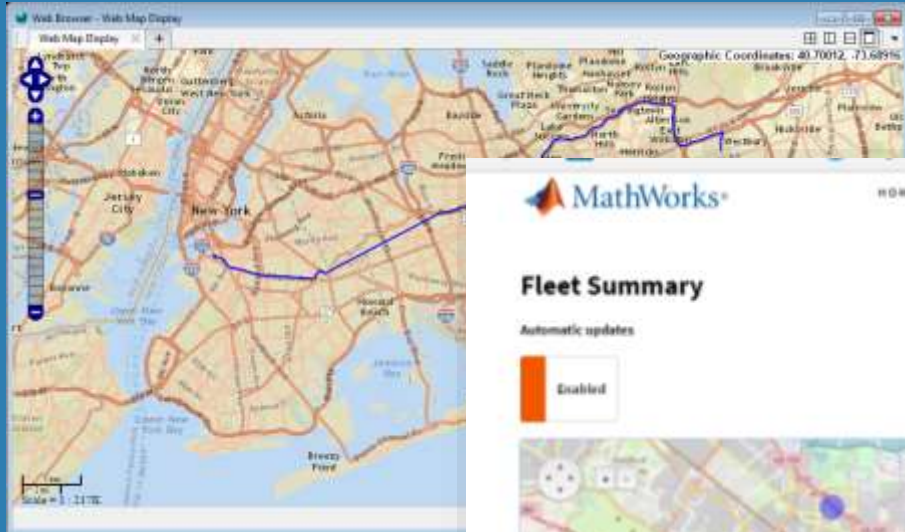
4

Integrate with
Production
Systems

Tie in your Dashboard Application



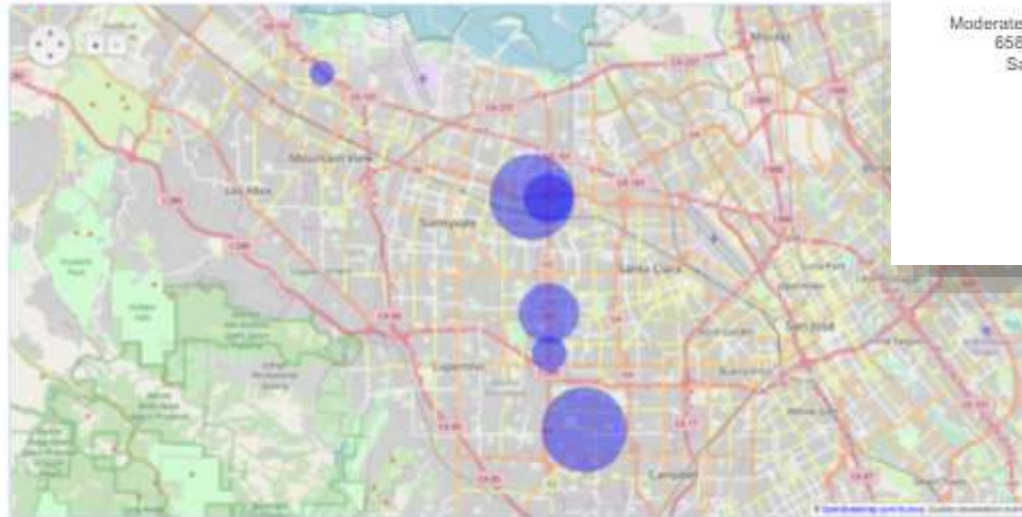
Complete Your Application



HOME SUMMARY VEHICLES USERS TRIPS REPORTS

Fleet Summary

Automatic updates

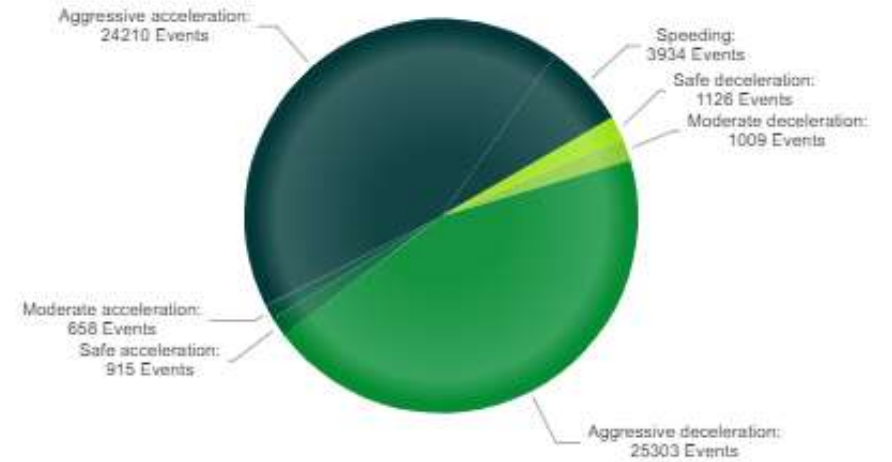


Fleet Statistics

Total Events:

183351

Acceleration/Deceleration Events, 2014 - 2017

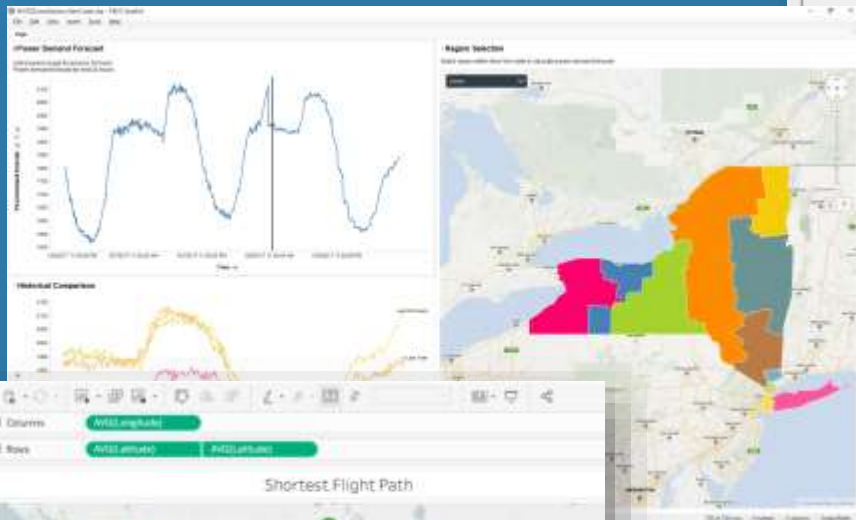


5

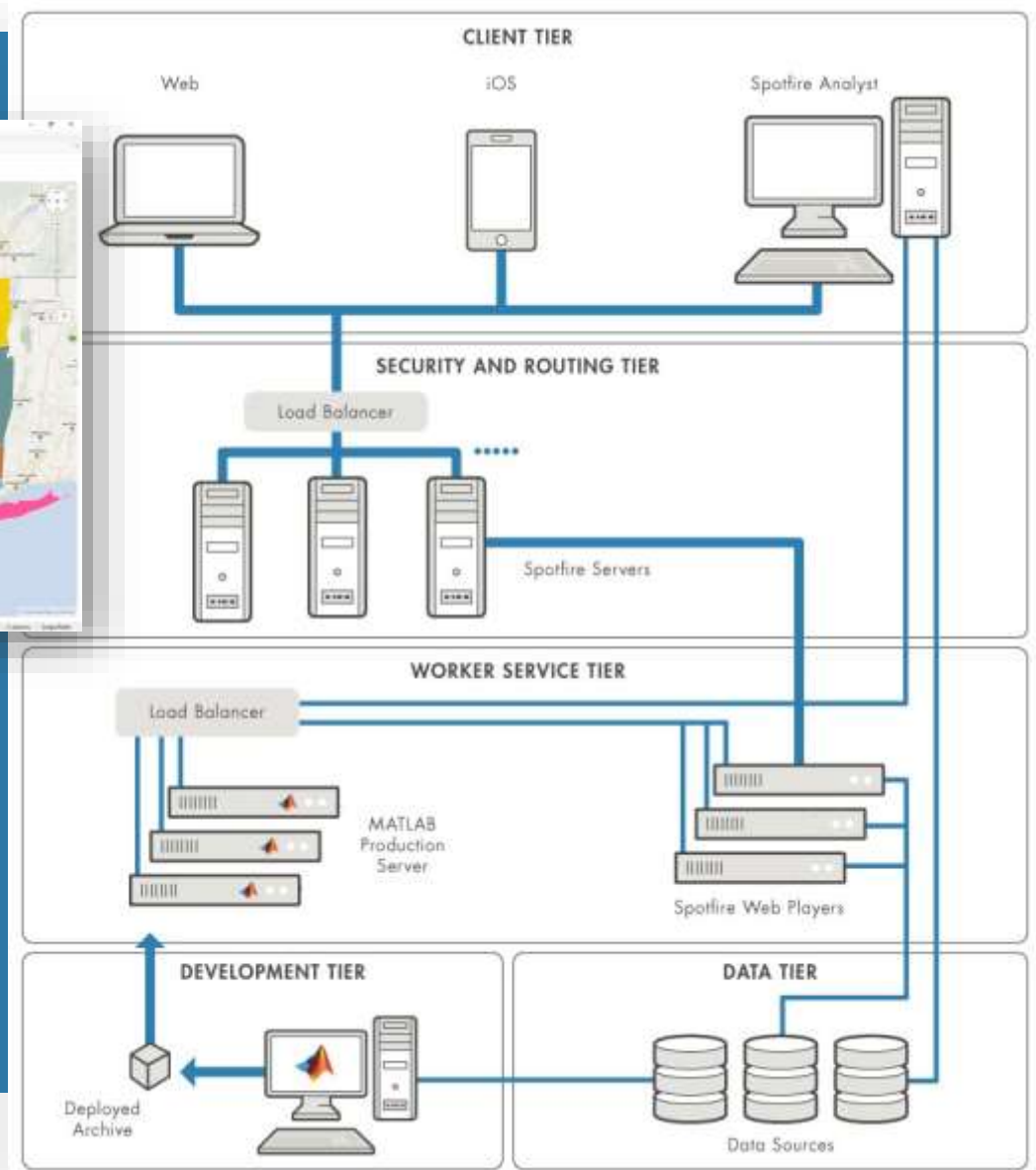
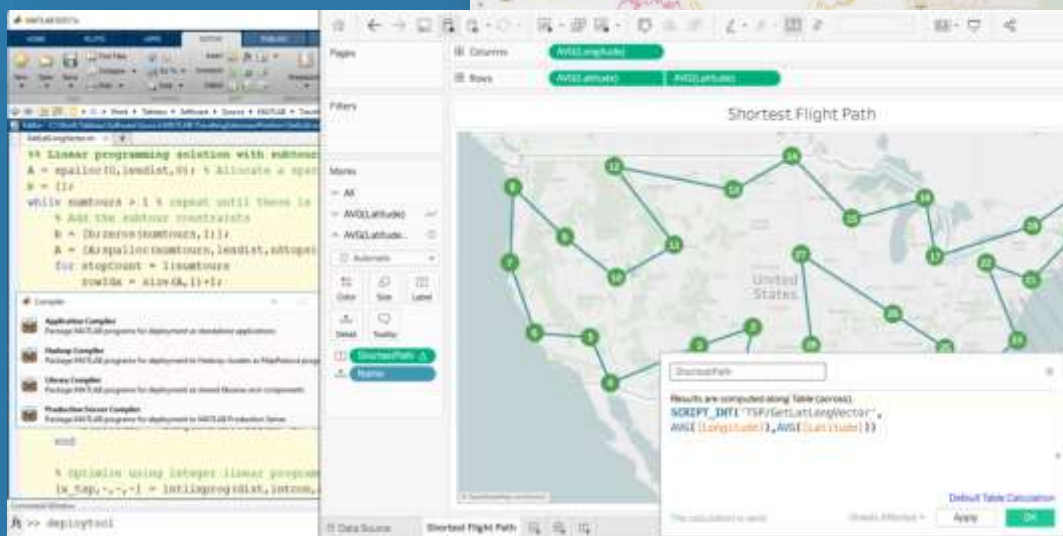
Visualize Results

Scalable Analytics with Enterprise BI Tools

TIBCO Spotfire



Tableau



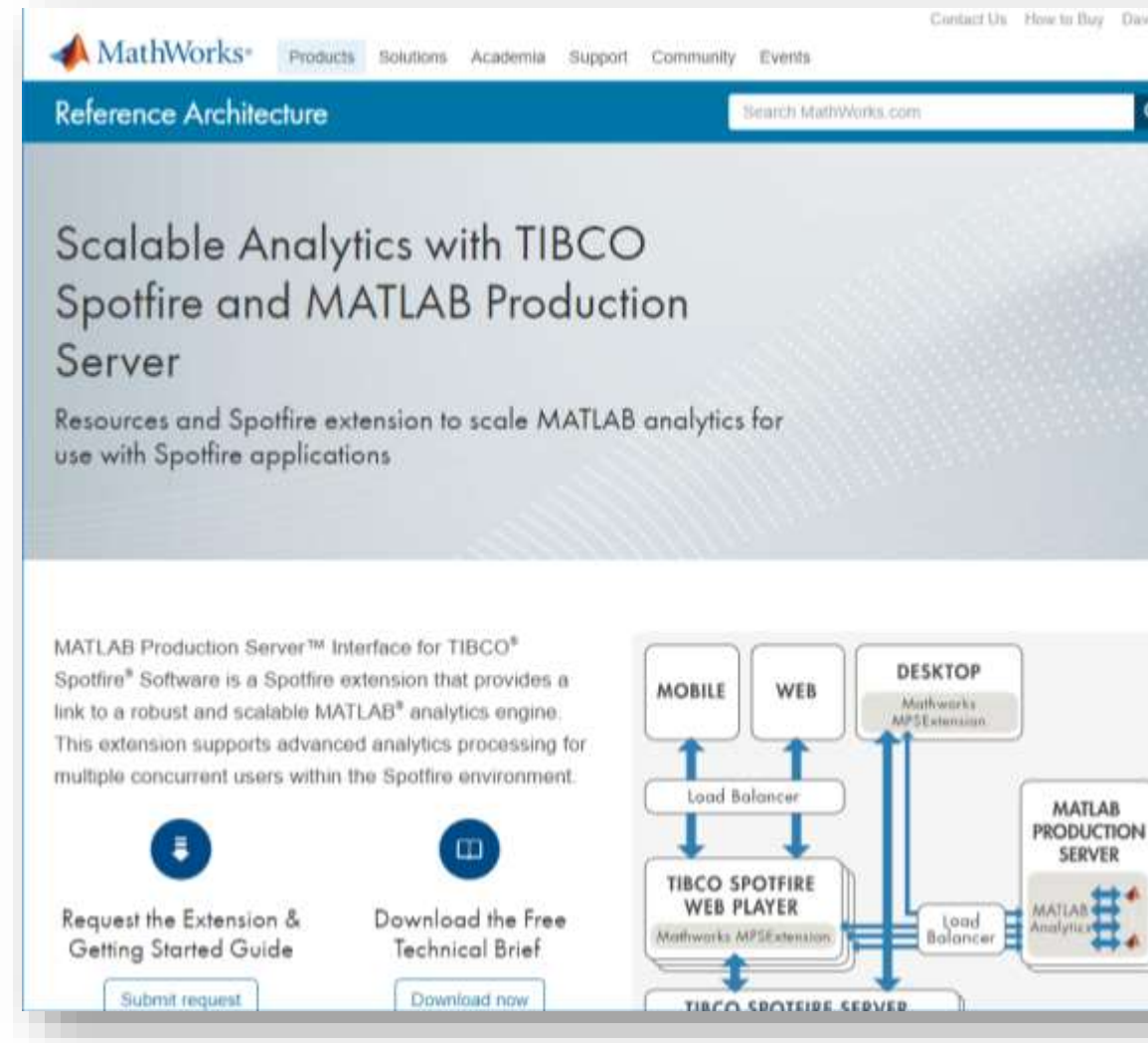
Key Takeaways

- MATLAB connects directly to your data so you can quickly design and validate algorithms
- The MATLAB language and apps enable fast design iterations
- MATLAB Production Server enables easy integration of your MATLAB algorithms with enterprise production systems
- You to spend your time understanding the data and designing algorithms

Resources to learn and get started

- [Data Analytics with MATLAB](#)
- [MATLAB Production Server](#)
- [MATLAB Compiler SDK](#)
- [Statistics and Machine Learning Toolbox](#)
- [Database Toolbox](#)
- [Mapping Toolbox](#)

- [MATLAB with TIBCO Spotfire](#)
- [MATLAB with Tableau](#)
- [MATLAB with MongoDB](#)



The screenshot shows a MathWorks webpage titled "Reference Architecture" for "Scalable Analytics with TIBCO Spotfire and MATLAB Production Server". The page includes a navigation menu with links for Products, Solutions, Academia, Support, Community, and Events. A search bar is present in the top right. The main content area features the title and a brief description: "Resources and Spotfire extension to scale MATLAB analytics for use with Spotfire applications." Below this, there is a diagram illustrating the architecture. The diagram shows three client types: MOBILE, WEB, and DESKTOP (with Mathworks MPSExtension). These clients connect through a Load Balancer to a TIBCO SPOTFIRE WEB PLAYER (also with Mathworks MPSExtension). This player connects to a TIBCO SPOTFIRE SERVER, which in turn connects through another Load Balancer to a MATLAB PRODUCTION SERVER (with MATLAB Analytics). Below the diagram, there are two call-to-action buttons: "Request the Extension & Getting Started Guide" (with a "Submit request" button) and "Download the Free Technical Brief" (with a "Download now" button).

